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Fast Facts

History

- It is one of the newer areas of leadership.
- It grew out of need for honest and transparent leaders after scandals and tragedies in early 2000's (9/11, Enron, etc.).

Development

- No single definition is agreed upon. However, the authentic leader is supposed to be genuine, honest, transparent, and 'do the right thing'.
- There are three different viewpoints.
 - Intrapersonal perspective- analyzes the leader's background and self-image.
 - Interpersonal perspective- how followers and leaders interact.
 - Developmental perspective- not an inborn trait, something that can be developed.

Strengths

- There is a need for trustworthy leadership in society.
- The traits can be developed over time, people do not have to be born with them.
- The moral component appeals to society.
- Someone's authentic leadership ability is measurable using the Authentic Leadership Questionnaire.

Weaknesses

- There has been very little research done on authentic leadership.
- The interplay between morality and leadership has not been fully explored.
- Can Authentic Leadership cause positive organizational results?

Practical Uses

- Robert Terry's *Action Wheel* (identify real problem on the wheel and collectively come up with response).
- Bill George identified five characteristics (passion, compassion, consistency, connectedness, and behavior) that people need to develop in order to be authentic leaders.